1.

SELECT first\_name, last\_name FROM actor ORDER BY last\_name ASC;

2.

SELECT COUNT (country) FROM country;

3.

SELECT COUNT (amount) FROM payment WHERE amount = '0.00';

4.

SELECT COUNT (rental\_date)

FROM rental

WHERE (rental\_date BETWEEN '2005-05-01 00:00:00' AND '2005-05-31 23:59:59') AND (return\_date BETWEEN '2005-05-01 00:00:00' AND '2005-05-31 23:59:59');

5.

SELECT COUNT (store\_id) FROM inventory

WHERE store\_id = '1' OR store\_id = '2'

GROUP BY store\_id;

Objasnjenje: Prvo sam zadala komandu SELECT COUNT za kolonu store\_id iz tabele inventory – da bi mi sabrao koliko ima filmova u radnjama

Potom sam dodala uslov da store\_id mora da bude 1 ili 2 – jer zelim da vidim koliko ima filmova u tim prodavnicama

potom sam rezultate grupisala prema koloni store\_id – da bi mi prikazao odvojeno koliko ima u 1 a koliko u 2.

6.

SELECT

title AS naslov,

description AS opis,

release\_year AS godina\_proizvodnje,

rental\_rate AS koliko\_se\_iznajmljuje,

length AS duzina,

rental\_duration AS duzina\_iznajmljivanja

FROM film;

7.

SELECT COUNT (address)

FROM address

WHERE address LIKE '%Avenue%' AND district = 'California';